



Public Workshop


**Technology Assessment on Climate Change Emissions
from Light-Duty Vehicles**

HFC-134a Direct Emissions from Vehicle Air Conditioning Systems

April 20, 2004

Sacramento, CA

California Environmental Protection Agency

 **Air Resources Board**



Three Modes of Direct Lifetime Emissions

| <u>Mode</u> | <u>Timing</u> | <u>When</u> |
|--|------------------------|-------------|
| Leakage “regular” | gradual, continuous | in-use |
| Accidental release “irregular” | fast, discrete | in-use |
| End-of-life release | fast, once | post-use |



Existing MAC Emission Data

- Ford: 48-hr diurnal SHED testing vehicles and AC off
- Schwarz: Loss of charge over first (EC) 6 mo. to 6 yr. of life
- Stemmler: Avg. leak rate in a tunnel (Swiss)
- Others

Valid works; but narrow scopes for California fleet.

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California Alternative: Emissions by Mass Balance

- Over a vehicle's life:

Emissions = *Net inputs*

= initial charge + recharges
- amount recovered at end

- Net inputs: ~3 discrete events per veh.
- Data are accessible for many vehicles



Data Sources

- **Number of recharges:** 12,000 vehicles in 9 fleets; surveys of 966 vehicle owners
- **System capacity and amount per recharge:** 288 evacuations & recharges
- **End-of-life recovery:** survey of dismantlers, discussions with USEPA & California reclaimers
- **Lifetime:** EMFAC (16 yrs.)



Overview of Results

- Over 16-yr lifetime, the average California LDV emits ~1.4 kg of HFC-134a
- Results are basis for HFC inventory
- Includes releases & servicing fugitives
- This does not count:
 - excess emissions from “do-it-yourself” repairs
 - including emissions from topping Freon systems with HFC-134a



Comparisons

| | <u>Loss, grams/yr</u> |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Measured leak rates* (Ford) | 26 |
| Long-term loss (EC) | 53 |
| Tunnel study (Swiss) | 123 |
| ----- | |
| ARB analysis | ~85 |

* vehicles & ACs not operating



Caveats

- Our data are specific to the vehicle fleet of 2003
- HFC-134a LDVs still maturing
- We can't identify model-year effects
- Same analysis in a later year might give a different result



Climate Change Equivalent Emissions

- ~85 gm/yr/HFC-134a vehicle
- Or ~9 CO₂-equiv. gm/mile
- Of this, ~6 CO₂-equiv. gm/mile are due to leakage

Note: 200,000 lifetime VMT, GWP=1300




Opportunities for reducing leakage

- Compressor shaft seal
- Hoses
- Connections

Working with SAE's Interior Climate Control Standards Committee

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Final Remarks

- Analysis quantifies nominal GHG direct emission contribution from existing MACs in California
- Results are consistent with available research literature
- Potential paths for reductions can be identified

References::

- 1) Staff Report, "HFC-134a Emissions from Current Light- and Medium-Duty Vehicles," CARB, Research Division, March 2004.
- 2) Vincent, R., Cleary, K., Ayala, A., and Corey, R., "Emissions of HFC-134a from Light-Duty Vehicles in California," **2004**, *SAE Technical Paper* 2004-01-2256.

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